SENATE BILL No. 319

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 36-7-32.

Synopsis: Public improvement areas. Authorizes counties, cities, and towns to establish public improvement areas for the purpose of imposing assessments against real property to provide funding for infrastructure. Establishes procedures for hearings on the establishment of a special service area and for computation of assessments against real property. Establishes procedures for objecting to the establishment of the area or the initial computation of assessments. Provides that money raised by the assessments may be used to pay debt service on bonds or lease rentals under leases.

Effective: Upon passage.

Skillman

January 8, 2002, read first time and referred to Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedure.





Second Regular Session 112th General Assembly (2002)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2001 General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 319

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 36-7-32 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
2	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON
3	PASSAGE]:
4	Chapter 32. Public Improvement Areas
5	Sec. 1. This chapter applies to all units except townships.
6	Sec. 2. The definitions in IC 36-1-2 apply throughout this
7	chapter.
8	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "infrastructure" includes:
9	(1) roads;
10	(2) streets;
11	(3) sidewalks;
12	(4) curbs;
13	(5) alleys;
14	(6) common areas;
15	(7) parking areas;
16	(8) lighting;
17	(9) electric signals;



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1	(10) landscaping, including trees, shrubbery, flowers, grass,
2	fountains, benches, statues, floodlighting, gas lighting, and
3	structures of a decorative nature;
4	(11) sanitary sewers and sanitary sewer tap-ins;
5	(12) storm water sewers and drains; and
6	(13) waterworks facilities, including water towers, water main
7	extensions, and tap-ins;
8	that serve or benefit a public improvement area created under this
9	chapter. The term also includes the right of way for the
10	infrastructure and the acquisition of property necessary for the
11	development of the infrastructure.
12	Sec. 4. (a) The legislative body of a unit may establish a public
13	improvement area for the purpose of providing infrastructure in
14	a residential development in order to:
15	(1) benefit the public health, safety, morals, and welfare;
16	(2) increase the economic well-being of the unit and the state;
17	and
18	(3) protect and increase property values in the unit and the
19	state.
20	(b) Providing infrastructure in a residential development is a
21	public use and purpose for which public money may be spent and
22	property may be acquired.
23	Sec. 5. (a) All of the real property within a public improvement
24	area constitutes a special taxing district for the purpose of the
25	special assessments to be apportioned, levied, and collected as
26	provided in this chapter. All of the real property within a public
27	improvement area is considered to be benefitted by the
28	infrastructure developed under this chapter to the extent of the
29	special assessments apportioned, levied, and collected under this
30	chapter.
31	(b) The amount of the assessment levied on a parcel must bear
32	a reasonable relationship to the benefits accruing to the parcel. The
33	assessments may be apportioned among the parcels in the public
34	improvement area in any manner reasonably representative of the
35	benefits accruing to a parcel from the infrastructure, including the
36	following:
37	(1) Assessed value or market value of the parcel.
38	(2) Assessed value or market value of any improvement on the
39	parcel.
40	(3) Size of any improvement on the parcel.
41	(4) Size of the parcel.
42	(5) Any other similar factors, as determined under the



1	ordinance adopted under section 9 of this chapter.
2	(c) The unit may retain or employ qualified personnel or other
3	consultants to develop the formula for determining the percentage
4	of the total benefit accruing to each parcel of real property within
5	the proposed public improvement area and the method for
6	apportioning the assessments to be levied on the real property in
7	the proposed public improvement area.
8	Sec. 6. Notwithstanding any other law, the unit may negotiate
9	wages and the cost of constructing the infrastructure that serves
10	the public improvement area.
11	Sec. 7. (a) The legislative body of a unit:
12	(1) may, on its own motion; or
13	(2) shall, if a verified petition for the establishment of a public
14	improvement area is filed by fifty-one percent (51%) of the
15	owners of real property in the proposed public improvement
16	area;
17	hold a hearing on the establishment of a public improvement area.
18	(b) A petition requesting the establishment of a public
19	improvement area must include the following information:
20	(1) The boundaries of the proposed public improvement area.
21	(2) The names and addresses of the owners of real property
22	within the proposed public improvement area.
23	(3) A detailed description of the infrastructure to be
24	developed to serve the proposed public improvement area and
25	the estimated cost of the infrastructure to be developed.
26	(4) The plan for the application of assessment revenue to the
27	cost of the infrastructure to be developed to serve the
28	proposed public improvement area.
29	(5) The proposed formula for determining the percentage of
30	the total benefits accruing to each parcel of real property
31	within the proposed public improvement area and the method
32	for apportioning the assessments to be levied on the real
33	property in the proposed public improvement area.
34	(6) The estimated number of years that assessments will be
35	levied.
36	Sec. 8. (a) After adoption of a motion or receipt of a petition
37	under section 7 of this chapter, the legislative body shall:
38	(1) publish notice of a hearing on the proposed public
39	improvement area, one time, in accordance with IC 5-3-1; and
40	(2) mail a copy of the notice to each owner of real property
41	within the proposed public improvement area;
42	at least ten (10) days before the hearing.



1	(b) The notice required by subsection (a) must include:
2	(1) a description of the boundaries of the proposed public
3	improvement area;
4	(2) a description, including cost estimates, of the proposed
5	infrastructure to be developed to serve the public
6	improvement area;
7	(3) a summary of the plan for the application of assessment
8	revenue to the cost of the infrastructure to be developed to
9	serve the proposed public improvement area;
10	(4) the proposed formula for determining the percentage of
11	the total benefits accruing to each parcel of real property in
12	the public improvement area;
13	(5) the date, time, and location of the hearing; and
14	(6) a statement that, at the time fixed for the public hearing,
15	the legislative body will receive and hear remonstrances and
16	objections from persons interested in or affected by the
17	proceedings pertaining to the establishment of the proposed
18	public improvement area and will determine the public utility
19	and benefit of the establishment of the public improvement
20	area and the development of the infrastructure.
21	(c) All taxpayers and owners of real property within the
22	proposed public improvement area shall be considered notified of
23	the pendency of the hearing and of subsequent acts, hearings,
24	adjournments, and proceedings of the legislative body by the notice
25	given under this section.
26	(d) At the public hearing, which may be adjourned from time to
27	time, the legislative body shall hear all persons interested in the
28	proceedings and shall consider all written remonstrances and
29	objections that have been filed on the questions of:
30	(1) the sufficiency of the notice;
31	(2) whether the proposed infrastructure project will be of
32	public utility and benefit; and
33	(3) whether the proposed assessment formula is appropriate.
34	Sec. 9. (a) After conducting the public hearing, the legislative
35	body, in accordance with IC 5-3-1, shall give notice of the right of
36	property owners within the proposed public improvement area to
37	sign a petition opposing the establishment of the public
38	improvement area. A petition opposing the establishment of the
39	proposed public improvement area may be filed with the county
40	auditor not more than twenty (20) days after the notice is given.
41	The following provisions apply if a petition opposing the

establishment of the proposed public improvement area is filed and



1	is signed by at least fifty-one percent (51%) of the owners of real
2	property in the proposed public improvement area:
3	(1) The proceedings for the establishment of the proposed
4	public improvement district are terminated.
5	(2) Beginning one (1) year after the filing of the petition under
6	this subsection, the legislative body may again begin
7	proceedings to establish the same proposed public
8	improvement area. Before establishing the proposed public
9	improvement area, the legislative body must comply with the
10	requirements of this section and section 8 of this chapter and
11	this subsection. Establishment of the proposed public
12	improvement area is subject to the petition procedure
13	established by this subsection.
14	(b) If a petition opposing the establishment of a public
15	improvement area is not filed within the time specified in
16	subsection (a), or if a petition filed under subsection (a) is not
17	signed by at least fifty-one percent (51%) of the owners of real
18	property in the proposed public improvement area, the legislative
19	body, after weighing all the evidence, may adopt an ordinance
20	establishing the public improvement area if it determines that:
21	(1) the infrastructure to be developed will provide benefit to
22	the owners of real property in the public improvement area
23	and will be of public utility and benefit; and
24	(2) the apportionment of the assessments is appropriate and
25	bears a reasonable relationship to the benefits to be provided.
26	(c) An ordinance adopted under this section must include:
27	(1) the boundaries of the public improvement area;
28	(2) the formula for determining the percentage of the total
29	benefits accruing to each parcel of real property within the
30	public improvement area and for apportioning the
31	assessments to be levied and collected; and
32	(3) the estimated number of years that assessments will be
33	levied.
34	(d) A copy of an ordinance adopted under this section, certified
35	by the unit's clerk, shall be recorded in the office of the recorder of
36	each county in which all or a part of the public improvement area
37	is located.
38	Sec. 10. The legislative body must conduct a public hearing
39	before amending or repealing an ordinance establishing a public
40	improvement area. The legislative body shall give notice of the
41	hearing in accordance with IC 5-3-1. The notice must:
42	(1) set forth the substance of the proposed amendment;



1	(2) state the time and place where written remonstrances
2	against the proposed amendment may be filed;
3	(3) set forth the time and place of the hearing; and
4	(4) state that the legislative body will hear any person who has
5	filed a written remonstrance during the filing period set forth
6	under subdivision (2).
7	Sec. 11. (a) Using the formula established for determining the
8	percentage of the total benefit accruing to each parcel of real
9	property within the public improvement area and for apportioning
.0	the assessments to be levied and collected as set forth in the
.1	ordinance establishing the public improvement area, the fiscal
.2	officer shall annually determine the proposed assessment for each
.3	parcel of real property in the public improvement area and
.4	prepare a schedule of the assessments.
.5	(b) The fiscal officer shall:
.6	(1) certify the schedule of assessments prepared under
.7	subsection (a) to the auditor of each county in which all or a
. 8	part of the public improvement area is located;
.9	(2) file a copy of the schedule of assessments prepared under
20	subsection (a) in the office of the recorder of each county in
21	which all or a part of the public improvement area is located;
22	and
23	(3) maintain one (1) copy in the office of the fiscal officer of
24	the unit, which must be available for inspection during
25	business hours.
26	(c) Within ten (10) days after certifying the initial schedule of
27	assessments to the county auditor, the fiscal officer of the unit shall
28	mail notice to each owner of real property to be assessed. The
29	notice to each owner of real property must be addressed as the
30	name and address appear on the tax duplicates and the records of
31	the auditor of the county in which the real property is located. The
32	notice must:
33	(1) set forth the amount of the proposed assessment; and
34	(2) state that a copy of the schedule containing the proposed
35	assessment on each parcel of real property in the public
36	improvement area is on file and can be seen in the office of the
37	fiscal officer of the unit.
88	Sec. 12. (a) Within ten (10) days after the county auditor
39	receives the annual certification of the schedule of assessments for
10	the public improvement area, the auditor shall deliver a copy of the
11	certificate to the county treasurer. Each year, the treasurer shall
12	add the full annual assessment due in that year to the tax





1	subsection (d).
2	Sec. 14. (a) The unit may issue bonds, enter into leases, or incur
3	other obligations to:
4	(1) pay any costs associated with the infrastructure to be
5	developed;
6	(2) reimburse the unit for any money advanced to pay those
7	costs;
8	(3) refund bonds issued or other obligations incurred under
9	this chapter;
10	(4) fund a debt service reserve fund;
11	(5) pay capitalized interest on any bonds issued or obligations
12	incurred under this chapter; and
13	(6) pay the cost of issuing the bonds or other obligations
14	incurred under this chapter.
15	(b) Bonds or other obligations issued under this section:
16	(1) are payable solely from money provided by assessments
17	collected under this chapter or other money legally available
18	for that purpose; and
19	(2) may, in the discretion of the unit, be sold at a negotiated
20	sale at a price to be determined by the unit or in accordance
21	with IC 5-1-11.
22	(c) Leases entered into under this section:
23	(1) may be for a term not to exceed fifty (50) years;
24	(2) may provide for payments from revenues under this
25	chapter, any other revenues available to the unit, or any
26	combination of these sources;
27	(3) may provide that payments by the unit to the lessor are
28	required only to the extent and only for the time that the
29	lessor is able to provide the leased facilities in accordance
30	with the lease;
31	(4) must be based upon the value of the infrastructure leased;
32	and
33	(5) may not create a debt of the unit for purposes of the
34	Constitution of the State of Indiana.
35	(d) A lease may be entered into by the legislative body of the
36	unit only after a public hearing at which all interested parties are
37	provided the opportunity to be heard. After the public hearing, the
38	legislative body may approve the execution of the lease on behalf
39	of the unit only if the legislative body finds that the service to be
40	provided throughout the life of the lease will serve the public
41	purpose of the unit and is in the best interests of its residents.
12	(a) Unan avacution of a lassa under this section, the lagislative



- the general assembly covenants with the holders of the bonds or obligations, or the lessor under any lease and its bondholders, that this chapter will not be repealed or amended in a manner that will adversely affect the imposition or collection of the assessments imposed under this chapter if any of the bonds or obligations is outstanding or any lease remains unpaid.

 (b) With respect to any bonds, leases, loans, or obligations for which a pladge has been made under section 14(f) of this chapter.
- (b) With respect to any bonds, leases, loans, or obligations for which a pledge has been made under section 14(f) of this chapter, the legislative body of the unit may not amend or repeal an ordinance adopted under this chapter in a manner that will adversely affect the imposition or collection of the assessments imposed under this chapter if any of the bonds or obligations is outstanding or any lease remains unpaid.
- Sec. 16. (a) Any owner of real property in a public improvement area may file an action contesting the validity of an ordinance adopted under section 9 of this chapter.
- (b) An action under subsection (a) must be filed in the circuit or superior court of the county in which a majority of the public improvement area is located not later than twenty (20) days after adoption of the ordinance.
- (c) An action to contest the validity of bonds issued or leases entered into under this chapter must be brought in a circuit or superior court in the county in which a majority of the public improvement area is located not later than fifteen (15) days after the adoption of a bond ordinance or publication of the notice of the execution and approval of the lease, as the case may be.
- Sec. 17. This chapter shall be construed liberally and is in addition and supplemental to the powers conferred on a unit by any other law. A unit may finance and develop infrastructure as defined under this chapter in accordance with any other statute that authorizes or permits the financing of such infrastructure.



SECTION 2. An emergency is declared for this act.



